It is only pertinent to my present object, to refer briefly to those alterations which were made in the organization of the Treasury Department, so far as my personal duties were affected, in consequence of the Indian War and the Naval Armament which was commenced to expel Algerine Piracies.

In May 1792, an Act of Congress directed that all purchases & contracts for supplying the Army, or the Indian goods for the Indian Tribes, should be made under the direction of the Treasury. — A Naval Armament of four Ships of forty four Guns, and two Ships of Thirty six guns each, was first authorized in March 1794, but proceedings under this Authority, were directed to be discontinued, as soon as a peace with Algiers, should be established. The Office of Purveyor of public Supplies, was created in February 1795; all supplies required for the service of the United States, including specially those demanded for the Naval Service, were directed to be procured by that Officer, under the direction & supervision of the Secretary of the Treasury.

During the same Session, a Sinking Fund was established, for extinguishing by yearly payments, the debt created by the revolutionary War. The proceeds of the national Territory were appropriated