Lummie at the mouth of the river and of the Stoksahk, a few miles higher up, differ as much as to be almost unintelligible to one another. The latter seem to approach more nearly to that of Frazer's River and in fact their principal intercourse is with Fort Langley and the Indians in that direction. The above tribes were also treated with at Point Elliott. It is believed that there is no other permanently located on the main shore South of the boundary line, but some of the Vancouver's Island Indians cross over in the fishing season.

The names of tribes living to the North of the Nisqualies, cited by Mr Hale on the authority of a Canadian, it may be mentioned are recognizable in those of Snyallup, Suquamish, Skagit and Cowitchin or Kawitchen.

With these end the Nisqually nation, the enumeration here given may be relied upon as substantially correct. It was taken by Col. Simmons while distributing presents, and when almost all the Indians were got in. The result is, for the Nisqually connection a total of 5242: for the total population of the Sound and Straits of Fuca 6258 Adding to this the most recent enumeration or estimate of the coast and Columbia river tribes, the Indian population of the District may be assumed at 8687.

This total as well as the details differ considerably from the estimates made in January 1854